TWO STRANGE DEATHS FROM ANIMAL GERMS

Fred Cummings and Henry Dryer Are the Victims of a Peculiar Microbe Poison.

BACILLI SEEN WITH NAKED EYE.

Largest and Most Virile of Fatal Germs Defles Science of Medicine to Counteract Its Deadly Progress.

Two deaths occurred at the City Hospital yesterday which were peculiar in that both were caused by the inoculation of poisonous animal germs, which medical skill could

Fred Cummings had eaten of half-cooked pork which was impregnated with a deadly bacilli that greatly puzzled the physicians. A few hours afterwards Henry Dryer died from an affliction contracted in handling the hides of sheep thought to have been impregnated with anthrax, peculiar to that

The largest or known germs, the most virile, and one to be greatly feared, is the anthrax. Strangely enough, it seems to be the enemy of sheep, attacking them and surely killing them, lodging in their wool by the thousands.

In rare instances, butchers, tanners and others, whose occupations require them to handle sheep hides, through an abrasion in the skin, give lodgment to one of these anthrax germs. But this occurs so seldom that the hospital physicians-though the case of Dryer presents every indication of being the true "wool soreness," the unscientific name of the disease-hesitate to proounce it positively as such

FIRST CASE OF THE KIND AT THE CITY INSTITUTION. So far as Doctor H. L. Nietert, Superintendent of the City Hospital, can recall, no case of infection through the germ of the hospital constantly holds a shifting population of 500 persons, among whom can se found at any time almost every human

The death of Cummings offers a reiteration of the oft-heard warning. "Be zure your pork is well cooked." He ate rare pork, in which were living trichina, and a month later he entered the City Hospital wasted away, his muscles devoured by hundreds of thousands of germs. In postmortem examination, the trichina could be seen with the naked eye, and they were completely indentified as the peculiar germ which is always communicated to man

Scientific investigation has developed that the pigs are infected by eating rats. The erms are frequent.y found in the latter odent, who seems to be immune against them. It does not follow that all pork contains trichina, but there is an always existing danger that the meat may secrete them. The only sure preventive is to cook the pork thoroughly, as sufficient heat will kill any infectious gem. These infinitesimal forms of life are found particularly in the muscles, hence a pork chop is more likely to contain them than fat bacon. Nevertheless, they are sometimes discovered in the

GERMANS EXCLUDED PORK WHEN GERMS WERE FOUND.

American pork which caused its exclusion from the German market. The disease is much more common abroad than in this country and much more feured. This action of the German authorities, however, was considered more of a pretext, given importance because of fear of competition, then as a satisfactory reason.

Passing into the stomach, the germs lodge in the intestines and then spread, invading all the muscles. The deleterious results are felt from four to six weeks after eating the trichinous pork.

Henry Dryer worked in a tanning establishment in South St. Louis. He constantly handed the hides of sheep and other anmals, and would be liable to infection by the anthrax should he touch a hide in which were the germs. This disease manifests itself in disfiguring ulcers. It affects first the and the chances are much against the re sovery of a patient suffering from it.

The anthrax is the largest and most tena clous of life among known germs. It is thought to originate in the ground, like the germ of tetanus, or lockjaw, which is next to it in point of virility. As a rule it is communicated to man by contact, though it is or by inhalation. The hospital doctors are now at work attempting to isolate the anthrax germ from a drop of their patient's blood. In the event that they do so, the germ will be a curiosity to all St. Louis cians and the case will be of more than local importance.

ENGAGEMENT IS ANNOUNCED. Mrs. Virginia Brown Booth Will

Wed Edward P. Humphrey. REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 19.-Announcemen s made to-day of the engagement of Mrs. firginia Brown Booth, daughter of forme or John Young Brown and widow of Charles H. Booth, United States Army, who, until his death a year or so ago, was stationed at Jefferson Barracks. Mrs. Booth is well and favorably known a St. Louis. She is to marry Edward P. Humphrey, son of E. W. Humphrey and grandson and namecake of Doctor Edward P. Humphrey, who was one of the most noted Presbyterian ministers in Kentucky. Mr. Humphrey is division counsel of the Sonthern Rallway in Kentucky.

Effingham, Ill., Sept. 19.—Mr. Benjamin F. Oliver, a prominent railroad man of this city, and Miss Emma Stumburg were mar-ried here. REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Greenville, Ill., Sept. 19.—Mr. Thomas Harrison of Coffeen and Mrs. Mary Lynch of this city were married here to-day. They will make their home in Coffeen. WEDDING IS ANNOUNCED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Salem, Ill., Sept. 19.—Cards are out for the marriage of Mr. Walter M. Morgan of Jetmore, Kas., and Miss Helen Rohrbough, daughter of Captain C. Rohrbough, of Kin-mundy. The wedding will take place at the home of the bride's parents at Kinmundy. Thursday evening. September 25.

MURRAY-STONECIPHER. Salem, Ill., Sept. 19.—Mr. R. Lev Murray and Miss Iva Stonecipher, both of Haines Township, this county, were married today by the Reverend H. J. McClure of the Covenanter Church. The couple will make their home in Colorado.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Pana, Ili., Sept. 19.-Mr. Jessie Etlin and diss Agnes Way were married here to-

EPUBLIC SPECIAL

Pana, Ill., Sept. 19.—Miss Gertrude Smith and Mr. Andrew Graham, popular residents & Pana, were married to-day. GLASS—ROSE. LEPUBLIC SPECIAL Payette, Mo., Sept. B.—Thomas J. Glass. well-known farmer of near Fayette, has sturned from Glenfernes, Dunphall, Scot-

land, where he was married to Miss Mary Rose, August 22. KOONTZ-BAILEY.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Stewardson, Ill., Sept. 19.—Mr. Frank Koontz and Miss Ida Balley were married at the M. E. parsonage last right, the Reverend Mr. Eidridge officiating. HOWARD-MAYRON.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Pana, Ill., Sept. 19.—The marriage of Mrs. Gertrude Mayron and Mr. Fred Howard was celebrated last evening at the bride's home near Taylorville. The wedding was to have taken place at high noon, but the bridegroom missed the train and the wedding was delayed several hours. The couple will reside in Oskaloosa, Is. MELSOSON-JOURDAN.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Monroe City, Mo., Sept. 19.—Mr. Alexis Melsoson and Miss Louise Jourdan were married here last night, the Reverend Walter Mitchell officiating.

HAWKINS-MULLER.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Charleston, Ill., Sept. 19.—Clarence Haw-kins of Oakland and Miss Sarah Muller of Bushy Fork were married here hast night. RICHARDSON—WHITE. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Charleston, Ill., Sept. 19.—Edward E. Richardson, a young physician of this city, and Miss Ellen White, a teacher, were married to-night at the residence of the bride. HARDESTY-COX.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Charleston, Ill., Sept. 13.—Mr. James E. Hardesty of Westfield, Ill., and Miss Oille Cox of Hutton, Ill., came to this city to-day and were married.

CURTIS-BENDER. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Grayville, Ill., Sept. 19.—Mr. John Curtis and Miss Myrtle Bender — re married here yesterday.

BATTY—EED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Sept. 19.—Mr. F. M. Batty
of Austin and Miss Betty Reed of Rison,
were married at the Jefferson County Cour.,
house to-day, Esquire Al J. Stewart ofliciating. They met here by appointment.

REED SUPPORTS HENDERSON. Believes General's Reason for Retiring Is the True One.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Washington, Sept. 19.-Thomas B. Reed, ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives, who is in Washington for a day or two en private business, said to-night that he was greatly interested in the outcome, so far as it affected the Republican party, of General Henderson's declination to run scale for Congress

so far as it affected the Republican party, of General Henderson's declination to run again for Congress.

In discussing the matter Mr. Reed plainly evinced his sympathy with the present Speaker of the House, and, as if combatting the many critics of General Henderson's action, who assert that the reason he gave for his withdrawal was not the real one, Mr. Reed remarked sconfully: "I don't see why, when a man in the political world assigns a good reason for sudden action on his part, even if it be precipitate, he cannot be believed. Why should not General Henderson's reason as advanced by him be the cortect one? True, he may have feared defeat and withdrawn for that reason, and, if he did, he is not at all to be blamed."

That Mr. Reed is firmly opposed to tention.

blamed."

That Mr. Reed is firmly opposed to tarriff revision and deprecates such action on the part of Republicans was evinced by some very significant remarks he made.

They had better let the tariff alone. I believe the sentiment of the people of this country is deadly opposed to tariff revision, and, if not, it certainly will be, should the tariff ever be revised."

When Mr. Reed was asked what, in his opinion, would be the effect of Speaker Henderson's attitude on the Republican party, he replied:

"Well, you know I am out of politics, and I look to others for political forecasts; but I might say that sometimes a great confagration may be started by a very little match."

hagration may be started by a very little match."

In advancing the suggestion to Mr. Reed that General Henderson's withdrawal may have been the result of the humiliation he felt at not being invited by the President to attend the conference at Oyster Bay which discussed the tariff, no comment was made by the ex-Speaker.

Former Speaker Reed is in a better position to appreciate and understand the motives behind the action of General Henderson than any other man in the United States, for, when he resigned from Congress three years ago the most strenuous efforts were made to discover some ulterior motive for his resignation, rather than that which he gave—that he thought it time to engage in some business which would give him better financial returns.

NINE DAMAGE SUITS FILED.

St. Louis Transit Company Defend ant in Each Case.

Nine suits for damages were filed in the Circuit Court yesterday against the St. Louis Transit Company, as follows:

Max Fosnansky, \$3.000 for injuries alleged to have been received May 30 last by a car running into his wagon at Eighth and Chestnut streets.

William Rethmeler, \$2.500, for injuries alleged to have been sustained August 22 last by a car colliding with his cart at Meramec street and South Brondway.

William R. Engel, \$5.000, for injuries alleged to have been caused July 14 last by a car starting while he was getting off at Jefferson avenue and Locust street.

Mary Belle Wright, 115,000, for injuries alleged to have been sustained April 4 last by a car leaving the tracks at Grand and Finney avenues.

Alice Sutter, \$10,000, for injuries alleged Louis Transit Company, as follows:

Finney avenues.

Alice Sutter, \$10,000, for injuries alleged to have been sustained June 22 last by being thrown from a car at Seventh street and Washington avenue by the car giving a terk

a jerk.
ida Grasman, \$4,500, alleged to have been
injured July 21 last, at Broadway and
Franklin avenue, by a car starting sud-

Franklin avenue, by a car starting suddenly.

Reinhold Klingele also sued the Transit Company yesterday for \$5,000 damages, alleging that he was put off a car June 7 last and arrested.

George Werle sued for \$10,000 damages for an alleged arrest August 6 last, at Eleventh and Howard streets.

Attorney H. A. Yonge sued the St. Louis Transit Company in the Circuit Court yesterday for \$200 on a contract.

He states that he was attorney for Annie Hogan, whose husband was killed by a car June 10 last, at Eighth and Pine streets, and that the defendant agreed to pay him a fee in the case.

OBJECT TO AMENDED MEASURE. Mayor Wells Asked to Veto Apart ment House Bar Bill.

from the House of Delegates that the apartment house bar bill had been reconwhich amends the old ordinance and permits the establishment of a bar within 500 feet of Forest, Tower Grove and Lafayette Parks, provided it is in a hotel or apartment house of not less than 250 rooms. In this connection, W. C. Slople of the Hotel Monticello says that the bill was not framed at his request or by his wish, and that he had no interest in the bill. Protests have already been made to Mayor Wells, and he is asked to veto the bill.

Liquor Traffic.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL
Ariastrong. Mo., Sept. 19.—The Reverend G. W. Robinson, a prominent minister of St. Louis, and president of the Antisaloon League of Missouri, lectured here to-day. A local antisaloon league has been organized to fight the sale of whisky in the town. Officers were elected and a large number of people aigned a petition to assist the committee in their attempt to ston the illegal sale of intoxicants in Armstrong.

The following men were appointed on this committee: Doctor J. H. Gianville, Doctor J. C. Maple, George F. Snoddy, J. A. Sterner, W. H. Doliard, Doctor W. S. Thompson and A. J. Lynch.

SUBSTITUTE FOR OCEAN CABLE. Wireless Telegraph to Be Estab-

lished in West Indies.

Paris, Sept. 19.-The French Governm has decided to install a wireless telegraph system in the islands of Martinique and Guadeloupe, owing to the frequent interrup-tions of the cable service there. Two telegraph experts sail from Bordeaux September 26 with apparatus.

DES MOINES-After several years' dis-cussion and one failure, a national organi-zation of Patriarchs Militant was effected in connection with the session of the Sov-ereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows. It will be known as the National Council Pat-riarchs Militant.

EXPOSITION PLANS ARE NOW COMPLETE

President Francis Notifies Ramsey That Catlin Tract Will Not Be Required.

SITE TO BE FENCED ON NORTH.

Considers De Baliviere Avenue Sewer Connection the Only Feasible One for the World's Fair.

President Francis has officially notified President Rams y of the Wabash that the plans of the Exposition are now complete and there is no need for the Catiln tract. Authority to end the long negotiations for this property was conferred by the Executive Committee yesterday noon. President Francis stated that this action settles beyond any possible readjustment the final physical proportions of the site.

"It is the sense of the Executive Committee, as unanimously expressed in its meeting to-day," be said, "that the Exposition Company would not accept the last proposition of the owners of that preperty, as we already have about 1,200 acres, which is

ample for all requirements. "Upon this space we can erect exhibit palaces, foreign buildings, State and Territorial buildings and all other buildings which may be needed or to which we may be willing to allot space. Furthermore, we do not feel justified in entering into any additional obligations for ground rent. The Exposition is only assuming a wider scope and the estimate of expenses is growing so rapidly that we realize the necessity of husbending our rescurees.

husbending our rescurces.

Twelve hundred acres is a larger area than any exposition has ever had. The Cooumbian Exposition has ever had. The Cooumbian Exposition at Chicago in 1853 had less than 700 acres and the Paris Exposition in 1800 had little if any more than as acres or about one-fourth of what we have atready secured. It is likely that no entrance will be placed on the north side of the grounds if any outside concessions are planted there. The question of artistic approach to the buildings from the Delmar avenue side is relegated when we consider that victors do not begin to look about them for beauty until after they have been set down at the railway terminals.

Regarding the Wabash terminals at the Exposition. President Francis stated that if that road would make the proper sort of a trackage approach to the grounds, there was no objection to giving all the adequate facilities for discharging passengers and there was no objection to allowing them to share with the other roads in the delivery of freight.

Further than this he would not discuss the Wabash as a factor in World's Fair traffic, except to add that it was not desirous to complicate the terminal trackage of the street railway systems approaching the grounds elong be Balviere avenue, by permitting other railroad crossing than those which existed before the Exposition site was selected.

Referring to the opposition by the Wabash to the laying of Exposition sewer mains under the railway's right-of-way across De Enlviere avenue, pressont Francis said that he did not care to discuss that matter other than to say he relied on the outcome of the Injunction processings against the World's Fair corporation and the city to establish the right to lay the mairs. He considered the De Baliviere avenue connection the only feasible one for the World's Fair.

He expressed himself as opposed to the expense of constructing an outlet for the Exposition sewer system for 2,300 feet along Lindell boulevard to Union boulevard. Twelve hundred acres is a larger

RAMSEY EXPLAINS LEASE.

Tells Why He Secured Terminal Faeilltles on the Catlin Tract. New York, has sent a communication to The Republic regarding his position in securing a lease on the Catlin track for ter-

The Republic regarding his position in securing a lease on the Catlin track for terminal facilities and his subsequent offers to the Exposition Company. He writes:

"I have clipping from your paper of September 16 containing my telegram to you relative to the sewer-crossing youble at Forsyth Junction. I wish to make one correction in the last paragraph. You say lease of part of Catlin tract for Wabasan passenger terminals prevented World's Fair people from condemning Catlin tract. Condemnation proceedings of the Exposition Company failed, not on account of Wabash lease, but because the court denied the right to condemn for reconstantial tract for the interpretation, as I underland it, at least, as Wabash lease had nothing to do with their failure in court.

"Immediately after securing a lease on part of the Catlin tract, I notified President Francis that a lease of Wabash would not be permitted to stand in way of the Exposition Company use of the property if the Wabash was given fair treatment in way of terminals for passenger and freight traffic. I have never asked or rought any exclusive terminal rights. In trying to settle this matter, I secured a proposition from owners of the Exposition officials, there being not more than from \$2000 to \$20,000 between the two propositions. This was submitted, but I have been unable to secure any reply to

of the Exposition officials, there being not more than from \$2,000 to \$20,000 between the two propositions. This was submitted, but I have been unable to secure any reply to the offer made to lease the property to the Exposition Company.

"I make this statement now public solely because the Wabash management seems to have been placed in a false position before the St. Louis public. The Wabash asks no special favors, but insists it has the right to be treated as liberally at least as any other railroad. Furthermore, construction of sewer, as contemplated, at De Baliviere and Waterman avenues would prevent the much-desired depression of railroad tracks through this section, which is not only essential to the future welfare of the city, but absolutely necessary for the safe and rapid handling of the millions who will, we hope, attend the Exposition. It is necessary that all citizens and commercial interests of St. Louis work together to make the Exposition a success.

"J. RAMSEY, JR."

The paragraph in The Republic to which Mr. Ramsey refers was devoted entirely to an explanation of what the World's Fair management regarded as a complication in their negotiations for the Catlin tract, which was in effect the lease of a portion of that tract by the Wabash during the time when its purchase was being considered by the Exposition Company.

FRANCIS ON FAIR'S EASTERN PLANS. Results of His Work in New York President Francis stated yesterday that he would not make public the name of the person who will be appointed to take charge

of the World's Fair Eastern Bureau in New Armstrong Will Fight the Illegal
Liquor Traffic.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL
Armstrong, Mo., Sept. 19.—The Reverend G. W. Robinson, a prominent minister of St. Louis, and president of the Antisaloon League of Missouri, lectured here to-day. A local antisaloon league has been organized to fight the sale of whisky in the town. Officers were elected and a large number of people signed a petition to assist the committee in their attempt to stop the illegal sale of intoxicants in Armstrong.

Armstrong Will Fight the Illegal of the World's Fair Eastern Bureau in New York will be sale; and the World's Fair Eastern Bureau in New York until the Executive Committee has approved of his selection. He said:

"I devoted considerable time to the location and to the engaging of a competent man to take charge. Besides visiting many exhibitors and concessionalres I gave time to the organization of our Department of the organization of the Exposition will be solved along Skinker road, ascending the slope west of the Machinery building. The result of all my Bastern work will be made.

public announcement of there plans will be made.

"There is considerable agitation in the East concerning the abolition of duty onworks of art. In my judgment such a change would be of great benefit to the Art Department of the Exposition. I never met any one in the East who did not express an intention to come to the Fair. I found that our Publicity Bureau has been doing good work throughout the East, and the Exhibit Division through its chiefs has aroused great interest.

sentatives Will Approve of System. Director of Works Taylor appeared before the Executive Committee yesterday to make his report upon the plans for fire pro-tection on the World's Fair site, as they Bureau.

The complete plans, which include a system of high-pressure water pipes, interior wiring and fire apparatus, have been described in The Republic. The indication was that a perfect understanding had been

Illinois Site to Be Alloted October 1. The Executve Committee of the Illinois Commission met yesterday at the Southern Hotel to take steps for insuring an active participation by that State in the allotment ceremonies, September 30. The committee received an extended account of the programme from the Director of Works and requested that the Illinois allotment be deferred until October 1, the second day of the ceremonies.

Street Car Service Increased. Double-header cars will be run on the Transit line to the Administration building at 7:33 a. m., and at 6:07 p. m., beginning to-day. This means that two cars instead of one will be started from Fourth and Olive streets for the Administration building at 7:23 a. m. and that two cars instead of one will leave the Administration building at 6:07 p. m. for downtown.

Belgium May Participate. Brussels, Sept. 19.—Thomas W.Cridler, representing the St. Louis Exposition, was officially received by M. Francetto, the Minister of Labor, to-day. They discussed the Exposition at length. The Minister said he was satisfied Belgium would consider it a duty as well as an honor to participate in the Exposition

Association Sites to Be Allotted. The applications of the World's Fair Fra-ternal Bullding Association and the Trav-elers' Protective Association, to have their building sites allotted to them when the States and Territorial sites are transferre! September 30, were approved yesterday by the Executive Committee.

GOVERNMENT DISTRIBUTES \$10,000,000 TO BANKS.

Secretary Shaw Has Put Altogether \$17,500,600 in Circulation to Relleve Stringency.

LEPUBLIC SPECIAL Washington, Sept. 19.-Secretary Shaw ancurced before leaving Washington for the West this evening that during the week he had authorized distribution in round numbers of \$10 000,000 in public funds among banks throughout the country which have bonds available for security. The money will be released and deposits will all be completed within a few days, as rapidly as the bonds are received at the Treasury.

rapidity as the bonds are received at the Treasury.

Secretary Shaw's announcement is in line with the Secretary's action of last week, agreeing to deposit funds in the banks on the security of free or unpledged bonds.

At that time it was said that the department had information of about \$4,000,000 of these free bonds, and it was expected that that amount would be released.

There have been developments, however, not expected by the Secretary. The banks of the country have busied themselves, apparently, picking up bonds, and have brought them forth in such quantities that the possession of \$10,000,000 worth, in addition to the \$4,000,000 first counted on, has been disclosed.

The anticipation of the October interest amounted to \$3,500,000, which, with the deposit of Gevernment funds on free bonds, released all together about \$7,500,000. The Secretary, therefore, considers that he has placed more than \$17,000,000 in circulation to relieve the stringency.

SQUEEZE ENDED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL New York, Sept. 19.—The squeeze in rates for call money has apparently subsided, at least for the present. The market opened to-day at 7 to 7½ per cent, and did not rise above 8 per cent up to 2 o'clock. The banks renewed all their loans at 8 per cent, the renewals, of course, going over until Monday.

Weather at 6:35 a. m., cloudy: at 6:39 p. m loudy. Maximum temperature, C2 degrees; min num temperature, 50 degrees, River, 9.8 feet, Local F. J. HYAFT. Local Forecast Official.

Government Report. Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.— Meteorological observations received at St. Louis September 18, 1962, at 6:25 p. m. local time and p. m. sevency-4fith merodian time. Observa-tions made at the same moment of time at all

30. 18 Rain 30. 18 Rain 12. 12 Rain 65. 64 Cloudy 72. 62 Cloudy 72. 62 Cloudy 73. 68 Rain 74. 68 Rain 75. 61 Cloudy 55. ... Cloudy 56. ... Cloudy 56. ... Cloudy Dodge City El Paso ... New York Shrevetort Springfield, III. St. Louis Springfield, Mo.

STREET ACCIDENTS OF A DAY Two Victims Hurt by Cars and One

Falls From a Wagon. Mrs. Emma Lorens and her daughter, Margaret, while on their way to the city from Knoxville, Mo.. in a spring wagon yesterday morning, were knocked from the vehicle at Broadway and Koein avenue by a Broadway car. Mrs. Lorenz sustained a fractured collar bone.

Ludwig Hundertmark of No. 207 Sullivan avenue fell from a Lee avenue car as it was rounding a curve at Twenty-fifth and Sall-bury streets vesterday morning. was rounding a curve at Twenty-fifth and Sall-bury streets yesterday morning, sustaining a dislocated right shoulder.

Michael Schmidt, IS years old, a driller at the American Car and Foundry Company, while drilling on a board yesterday afternoon, accidentally ran the auger into the thigh of his right leg, causing an injury which was pronounced serious by Doctor Frank at the South Side Dispensary. He was sent to his home at No. 171 St. George street. tection on the World's Fair and, as the have been approved by the Fire Prevention Bureau.

The complete plans, which include a system of high-pressure water pipes, inferior wiring and fire apparatus, have been described in The Republic. The indication was cribed in The Republic. The indication was that a pirfect understanding had been that a pirfect understanding had been that a pirfect understanding had been that the lives at No. 1166 Chouteau averue.

reached by the Director of Works and the STATISTICS PROMISE MONSTER ATTENDANCE

Estimated That Visitors to St. Louis World's Fair Should Number 173,000 Daily.

FROM RADIUS OF 500 MILES.

Census Shows Five Millions More Population Within Fifteen Hours' Ride Than Chicago Had.

WHY ST. LOUIS SHOULD HAVE

AN INCREASED ATTENDANCE. & Population of Chicago circle, 500 0 miles, fifteen-hour ride, 1883, 25.838,141. • • • • Miles of railway in Chicago, 500- • mile circle, 1880, 65,779.

Population of St. Louis circle, 500 o niles, fifteen-hour ride, 1900, 32,253,712. � Miles of railway in St. Louis circle, @ 500 miles, 1908, 95,019, Chicago attendance, 27,539,521.

St. Louis attendance, estimated on . Increased population, about 22,000,600.
 Average daily attendance, Chicago,

Average daily attendance, St. Louis, estimated, about 173,000.

An array of formidable figures are those prepared from the census and Chicago's Fair records by the Press and Publicity Bureau of the approaching World's Fair, as an indication of the legions of visitors St. Louis must house and feed every twenty-

four hours during the Exposition. Two vital facts are pointed out in estimating how many strangers St. Louis will have to board and lodge daily, on an average, from May 1 to December 1, 1994. One is the presumption that people may not be kept at home by a great monetary strin-

gency in 1904 as they were in 1893. The more important one is that St. Louis is now within fifteen hours' ride by rail of a very much larger population than lived within the same distance of Chicago in 1893. Census tables bear out the statistician' statement that there is a greater population and railroad mileage in a 500-mile circle, with St. Louis as the center, than can be found in a circle of the same size with either New York or Chicago as the center. either New York or Chicago as the center. The Chicago circle includes the vast area of nearly all the great lakes and a large part of the Canadian walds. Besides, including a grent part of Canada and the lakes, the New York circle would extend 500 miles into the ocean. In 1830, as shown by the census of 1890, the population of the Chicago circle was 25,825,141, and its railroad mileage, from reports, was 55,775.

The population of the St. Louis circle as shown by the census of 1900 was 32,203,712 and its railroad mileage, according to the reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission, June 30, 1900, was 36,619. The St. Louis World's Fair on this basis will have within ifteen hours' ride by rail, 5,35,571 more persons from when to draw visitors than the Columbian Exposition.

GREAT CITIES INCLUDED.

The marks.

The marks.

Cont. and did not have continued to continue the golog over until Monchange in the rates of commercial paper, and evone at 5 per cent, and a second and control cities of the control an important industry has originated as the second and control cities of the United Columbus, Cincinnati, Tolodo, Louisville, Nashville, Memphis Evansville, Indianapolit, Nashville, Memphis Evansville, Indianapolit, and the second and control cities of the shape of a cattle trust, which will have a capital of 50,000,000 and 30,000 miles of the large allowed and the second and control cities.

The WEATHER.

Alicial Forecast Announced for To-Day and To-Morrow.

Vanispuns, Sept. 13.—Forecast for Saturday and Salomis-Source Startay, with rieing femiliands—This rad warmer Saturday, Sunday, showers Saturday, with rieing femiliands—This rad warmer Saturday, Sunday, showers and meth cooler Saturday and Salomis of the country of the second and country o

there were still associated distance, who had to find board and lodging in Chicago.

The statistics continue by describing a circle within a radius of 300 miles from St. Louis. This circle includes a population of nearly 16,000,000 and 38,005 miles of railway. The circle takes in the point six miles southeast of Columbus, Ind., which the Census Bureau has designated as the population center of the United States.

It includes Chicago and St. Louis, two of the five largest cities of the Union, and also Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, Kansas City, Mo.; Memphis, Nashville, Des Moines, Evansville, Kansas City, Kas, and Peoria, thirteen cities with an aggregate population of 3,52,190, every one exceeding 50,000, It includes seventy cities with populations ranging between 10,000 to 50,000.

The population within the circle of 300 miles radius from St. Louis showed an increase of 2,637,724 from 1800 to 1900, or 248,772, annually. This rate of increase if maintained, will add 996,682,6 and give a population of 16,594,574 living within 300 miles of St. Louis in 1804. At least 19,000,000 of this number are living within eight hours' ride of the World's Fair site.

ATTENDANCE FIGURES.

ATTENDANCE FIGURES.

this number would be her within the control of the control of the country of the

ST. LOUIS COUNTY PARAGRAPHS.

Lawrence Roach was arrested yesterday morning at 3 o'clock by Deputy Sheriff John Oscenfort on the premises of Ernest Haechot, west of Clayton. Haechot found Roach in his yard and held him at the point of a revolver until the officer arrived. A charge of trespass and vagrancy was placed against him. Roach acted in a peculiar manner and his case may be transferred to the Probate Court for an investigation as to hie mental condition.

Henry and Charles Smallwood were arrested in Kirkwood yesterday by Marshal Secrest on a charge of robbery, preferred by Charles Rollins, who alleged that they took in the foundation of the probate Court for an investigation of the probate Court for an investigation as to hie mental condition.

Henry and Charles Smallwood were arrested in Kirkwood yesterday by Marshal Secrest on a charge of robbery, preferred by Charles Rollins, who alleged that they took if from him. They were committed to jail by Justice Jacobi.

A marriage license was issued in Clayton yesterday to Louis Harkness of No. 629
Areo avenue and Estelle Kelso of No. 629
Blaine avenue.

Articles of incorporation were filed in the Recorder's office in Clayton yesterday by the Webster Park Realty Company. The company is capitalized at \$5,000, one-half of which is paid up. Charles M. Skinner. Justin S. Kendrick and Kent Jarv's hold \$6 shares each, Charles A. Baker & shares. Henry L. Wilson & Edward C. Rowse \$5 and Joseph H. Trembley \$5.

—Miss Emma Baumann, daughter of A. \$5 Baumann, a hardware merchant in Creve

Cocur, died yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from typhoid fever. Miss Baumann was 18 years old. She will be buried to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Evangelical Lutheran Cemetery in Stratmann.

Lutheran Cemetery in Stratmann.

John H. Givins, a real estate agent in Welleton, has been explaining to his friends that he is not a gambler. A man giving the rame name was fined E5 and costs by Justice Campbell last Wednesday for shooting craps.

The Reverend E. B. Crooks, formerly of Fenton, will call Wednesday for Brazil to do missionary work. He has recently been married and his bride will accompany him.

CHURCH GIVES A FAREWELL TO THE REVEREND T. E. SHARP.

Congregation Shows Its Appreciation of the Pastor's Work in Last Four Years.

A farewell reception was given by the congregation of the Wagoner Place M. E. Church, South, to the Reverend T. E. Sharp, who in a few days will cease to be the pastor. Mr. Sharp has occupied the position for four years. At the next meeting of the St. Louis Conference, which will be held in Malden, Mo., on September 24, he will be transferred.

The reception was held in the Sanday-



THE REV. T. E. SHARP.

he retires from the pastorate of the Wagoner Place M. E. Church, South. orated for the occasion. Nearly every member of the congregation was present some time during the evening. There were vocal selections by Miss Jennie Beardsley, Mrs. White and Miss Alice Magce and an instrumental solo by Mrs. Dyer.

A. E. Whitaker spoke on behalf of the congregation and the Reverend Mr. Sharp responded with a well chosen speech. During his pastorate the benevolent collections of the church have been trebled, the pastor's salary doubled and a debt of \$13,000 entirely paid. When he took charge of the church there were 218 members; 514 have been received since.

try.

The amaignmation of the several interests in the new trust will, it is thought, be perfected by January 1. Four and possibly six

and Paraphernalia Captured. Another fantan joint was raided by the police late yesterday afternoon and fourteen arrests were made. For some tin systematic efforts have been made to break up the games in "Hop alley," and yester-day's round-up was only one of a series

Alonzo C. Kinnaman yesterday filed a pe-tition in the Circuit Court, asking for a de-

separated, and that he later moved to Missouri, where he has since lived. In 1856, believing that his former wife had died, he married Mrs. Fleck.

Recently he learned that his wife. Anna, was not dead, but is at present living at South Bend, Ind.

In his petition to the court Kinnaman says that he learned that his first wife was not dead last July, and that he and Mrs. Lucy Kinnaman at once separated and have since been living apart.

Mrs. Lucy Kinnaman was surprised when informed of the institution of the proceeding for divorce, and announced in decided terms that she would fight the case. She asked for all the details of the suit.

Mrs. Kinnaman disagrees with her husband regarding the date upon which they separated. He claims in his petition that it was last July, while she is equally emphatic in stating that it was only recently, within the last two weeks.

COUPLE MARRIED AT MIDNIGHT.

St. Louis Persons Went to Ed-

L. Lewis and his address as New Orleans, and Miss Adelaide I. Dunville of St. Louis were the principals in a midnight marriage at Edwardsville, Ill. Wednesday, of Louis Harkness of No. 425 of Estelle Kelso of No. 425 incorporation were filed in office in Clayton yesterday Park Realty Company. The park Realty Company. The holdins and A. A. Craighead of St. Louis, and Lized at \$25,000. one-half dup. Charles M. Skinner, rick and Kent Jarv's hold Charles A. Baker S. shares. In Z. Edward C. Rowse S. Trembley E. Reamann, daughter of A. Baumann, d were the principals in a midnight marriage

TAKES ISSUE WITH CLOTHO CLUB WOMEN

Doctor Kate M. Beall Replies to Resolutions Which Declared Mrs. Johnson Sane.

SAYS SHE WAS DERANGED

Asserts That Discussion of Morbid Subjects at the Club Hastened Collapse Which Prompted Suicide.

The resolutions adopted Wednesday by the Clotho Club upon the death of Mra Addie M. Johnson, have started a discussion among St. Louis clubwomen upon the question of Mrs. Johnson's mental condition at the time of her suicide, which has been taken up by friends of the unfortunate woman in a manner which bids fair to lead to a spirited controversy and threatens to

develop a bitter feeling. Mrs. Johnson was the wife of Attorney E. P. Johnson. She was an intellectual woman of advanced ideas, and was a mem-ber of the Missouri Equal Suffrage Associaorganization for the Study of social sub-jects. She committed suicide September 8 at her home, No. 5711 Bartmer avenue, by inhaling chloroform, leaving letters to per-sonal triends regarding the disposition of matters she had in hand, and one to the Coroner gliving instructions as to the care and disposition of her body. At the time some of her friends announced that the suicide was due to temporary mental de-rangement.

DENIED SHE WAS INSANE.

Some of her friends and associates in the Clotho Club took exceptions to this statement, which, they deciared, while no doubt made in a spirit of mistaken kindness, was unjust to Mrs. Johnson and a stain upon her memory. They contended that she had taken her life while in full possession of all her faculties, with a deliberate purpose and prompted by purely unselfish impulses. It was to vindicate their dead associate in her act that the members of the Clotho Club met and passed resolutions declaring that Mrs. Johnson had ended her life while sane. In support of the resolutions they cited the fact that Mrs. Johnson, in discussing the question of suicide before the club, nad upheld the taking of one's life under certain circumstances.

The adoption of these resolutions and their publication in the daily press has aroused resentment among other friends of Mrs. Johnson, who hold somewhat positive views on the subject of suicide not compatible with those aired by certain members of the Clotho Club, These hold that it is an unpardonable crime to commit suicide in the full possession of one's mental faculties, whereas insunity, temporary or otherwise, is sufficient to condone such an offense. DENIED SHE WAS INSANE.

FAMILY PHYSICIAN DIFFERS.

Doctor Kate M. Beall, M. D., of No. 5735
Bartmer avenue, who was a very close friend of Mrs. Johnson, is one of the ladies who is indignant at the resolutions adopted by the Clotho Club. Doctor Beall attended Mrs. Johnson in a professional capacity for some time, and she repudiates the insinuations of the club members in the following communication to The Republic:

To the Editor of The Republic: I notice in several of the daily papers an account of a memorial service for Mrs. Addie M. Johnson held by the St. Louis Equal Suffrage Club and members of the Clotho Club and other organizations. In reply to the resolutions unanimously passed by the club, in which they presume to pass upon the mental condition of the deceased and assert that Mrs. Johnson had carefully meditated upon her course, and ended her life in accordance with the precess and tenets of the Clotho Club and with the approval of the Clotho Club and with the organization. FAMILY PHYSICIAN DIFFERS.

qualifiedly state that for some time previous to her death she had been under treatment by me for mental trouble at her own request. In my opinion, the influence of the Clotho Club and their learned (?) discussions as to suicide contributed no little to her untimely end.

As Mrs. Johnson's physician and neighbor I became intimately acquainted with her affairs and am competent to state positively that she had no reason for her course, and that it was simply the result of her mental condition.

Therefore, the implied reflection upon her friends and family by the proceedings at this meeting is unkind, uncalled for and unfounded.

KATE W. BEALL, M. D.

MANY NEW STREETS ARE PLANNED FOR NEXT SPRING.

Board of Public Improvements Is Pre-paring Ordinances to Present to

Public Improvements met yesterday mor streets. Extensive contracts are in con-templation owing to the coming of the Worlds Fair. If the Assembly will co-operate, President Phillips says 100 miles of streets will be built.

of streets will be built.

Bids to construct twenty-two new streets and fifteen new alleys are to be advertised for at once. The board will get the ordinance into the Municipal Assembly in the early part of the winter. If they are passed promptly contracts can be let so that work can proceed in spring.

As fast as the clerks in the Street Department and special tax office can do the necessary work the ordinances will be made ready. Style Wagon Lond of Conl. A ton of coal was stolen in broad daylight Thursday from the yards of the Heinrich Coal Company at Beventeenth street
and Clark avenue. The thief drove a wagon
into the coal yard, loaded it and drove
away. The theft was detected by the wagon
tracks in the yard and the absence of the
coal. It is a puzzle how the thief got
away without attracting the attention of
the yardmen.

Fell on a Sharp Tool. Michael Schmidt, 19 years old, living at No. 17t St. George street, an employe of the planing mill of the American Car Works, at No. 2800 DeKalb street, was seriously injured yesterday afternoon by falling upon the point of a sharp tool Schmidt was boring a hole through a plank when the plank slipped throwing him to the ground.

Butler Baptists Adjourn. Adrian, Mo., Sept. 12.—The Butler Baptist Association, which has been in session here three days, adjourned to-day. T. J. Smith of Butler was elected moderator for next year and W. S. Steele cierk. The next meeting will be held at South Fork, Cass County.

Drainage Bonds Are Sold.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Bloomfield, Mo., Sept. 19.—A. O. Spiker, engineer of Drainage District No. 1 of this county, reports the sale of bonds on the district for \$161.50, sold to Brinkerhoff & Co. of Springfield, Ill., at a premium of \$235. This district will drain 11,000 acres of tich land. Work is progressing nicely on ditch-

